UNITED
NATIONS

A S

General Assembly
Security Council

Distr.
GENERAL

~~A/49/853~~
S/1995/147
17 February 1995

ORIGINAL: ENGLISH

GENERAL ASSEMBLY
Forty-ninth session
Agenda items 8 and 112
ADOPTION OF THE AGENDA AND
ORGANIZATION OF WORK:
REPORTS OF THE GENERAL
COMMITTEE
SCALE OF ASSESSMENTS FOR THE
APPORTIONMENT OF THE
EXPENSES OF THE UNITED
NATIONS

SECURITY COUNCIL
Fiftieth year

Letter dated 16 February 1995 from the Permanent Representative of Bosnia and Herzegovina to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

Upon instructions from my Government, I have the honour to refer to the letter dated 24 January 1995 from Ambassador Dragomir Djokić (A/49/839-S/1995/75 and Corr.1).

The said letter asserts that the so-called Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro) "continued to exist in international relations as a contracted Yugoslav federation" and that the "Federal Republic of Yugoslavia - pending the conclusion of the agreement to regulate the effects of secession from the Yugoslav Federation - is the owner of the assets of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia in the territories that seceded from the former federation". These assertions have neither legal nor factual foundation, are totally inconsistent with the findings of the European Union-mandated Badinter Commission, and contravene relevant Security Council and General Assembly resolutions.

As the Belgrade authorities persist in their groundless assertion that they are the sole and automatic successor State of the SFRY and the privileges associated with it, we must once again recall Security Council resolution 777 (1992) of 19 September 1992, stating that "the State formerly known as the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia has ceased to exist" and that "the